

Date Version : 15/02/2015 : 1

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Chlorine Dioxide in tablets
Product code	: Not available.
Product description	: Not available.
Product type	: Solid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer	: Duka Production Ltd. P.O. Box 30 7730 AA OMMEN The Netherlands Tel: +31 (0)88 0333 003 email: info@dukaproduction.com
Importer	: Duka Production Ltd. Vermeerstraat 1 7731 SM OMMEN The Netherlands Tel: +31 (0)529 712520 email: info@dutrion.com
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: info@dutrion.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	mber
Telephone number	: +31 88 0333 003
Hours of operation	: 8.00 AM – 8.00 PM

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

 Product definition
 : Mixture

 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification	1	O; R8
		C; R34
Physical/chemical hazards	:	Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
Human health hazards	:	Causes burns.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H272 - May intensify fire; oxidiser. H311 - Toxic in contact with skin. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P210 - Keep away from heat No smoking. P220 - Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe dust.
Response	 P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or physician. P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or physician. P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or physician.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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Hazard symbol or symbols



Indication of danger		Oxidising, Corrosive
Risk phrases		R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R34- Causes burns.
Safety phrases	:	 S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
Hazardous ingredients	1	Sodium Chlorite
Supplemental label elements	1	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		

Other hazards which do	- 1	Not available.
not result in classification		

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
			<u>Cla</u>	<u>ssification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Sodium Hydrogensulphate	REACH #: 01-2119552465-36 EC: 231-665-7 CAS: 7681-38-1 Index: 016-046-00-X	>=35 - <50	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
Sodium Chlorite	EC: 231-836-6 CAS: 7758-19-2	>=20 - <25	O; R8 Xn; R22 C; R34 R32	Ox. Sol. 1, H271 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Disodium Carbonate, Compound with Hydrogen	EC: 239-707-6 CAS: 15630-89-4	>=1 - <5	O; R8 Xi; R36/38	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]



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Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Peroxide (2:3)		Eye Dam. 1, H318	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Туре</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Skin contact	: Corrosive to the skin. Causes burns.
initialation	system.
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory
Eye contact	: Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.
Potential acute health	effects

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective	1.1	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained

Special protective equipment and self-contained
 equipment for fire-fighters
 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	6.1	Personal	precautions,	protective eq	uipment and	emergency	procedures
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For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	co	ntainment and cleaning up
Spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from combustible material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Danger criteria						
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold				
H2: Acute toxicity 2 any route of entry or Acute toxicity 3 Inhalation/Dermal route of entry	50	200				
P8: Oxidising liquids and solids	50	200				
E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1	100	200				
C3: Oxidising	50	200				

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific

solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker or exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring

procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physica	l and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [Tablet.]
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Odourless to slight chlorine odour.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 6 [100g/l]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat, combustible materials and moisture.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	;	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing or intensifying fire
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials, reducing materials, organic materials, metals, acids and alkalis.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sodium bisulphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2800 mg/kg	-
Sodium chlorite	LC50 Inhalation Vapour		230 mg/m3	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	165 mg/kg	-
Sodium percarbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates



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Irritation/Corrosion

Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	660.3 mg/kg
	208.3 mg/kg

There is no data available. **Sensitisation** There is no data available. Carcinogenicity There is no data available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) There is no data available. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) There is no data available. Aspiration hazard There is no data available. Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns. : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory Inhalation

	system.
Skin contact	: Corrosive to the skin. Causes burns.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Long term exposure</u>			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effec</u> General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effec General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	•
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	<u>'S</u>
Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- · ·	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	
	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Chlorine Dioxide in tablets Sodium Chlorite	LC50 100 to 2000 mg/L Acute EC50 1.32 ppm Fresh water Acute EC50 0.025 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 0.08 mg/L Fresh water	Fish Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Ptychocheilus oregonensis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 4 days 48 hours 96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Sodium Chlorite	<-2.7	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT a	and vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.

- vPvB : Not applicable.
- **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.





Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•					
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA		
14.1 UN number	UN3085	UN3085	UN3085	UN3085		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	OXIDISING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium Chlorite, Sodium Hydrogensulphate)	OXIDISING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium Chlorite, Sodium Hydrogensulphate)	OXIDISING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium Chlorite, Sodium Hydrogensulphate)	OXIDISING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium Chlorite, Sodium Hydrogensulphate)		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	5.1 (8)	5.1 (8)	5.1 (8)	5.1 (8)		
14.4 Packing group	II	Ш	II	Ш		
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.		
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (E)	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.		

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to Annex II of	
MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC	
Code	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

Seveso II Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
H2: Acute toxicity 2 any route of entry or Acute toxicity 3 Inhalation/Dermal route of entry P8: Oxidising liquids and solids	
E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1 C3: Oxidising	

National regulations

MAL-code

: 00-4

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/ protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

		MAL-code: 00-4 Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post- treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns. When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.
		- Protective clothing must be worn.
		During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.
		- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.
		Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.
		Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.
		Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.
		*See Regulations.
Restrictions on use	:	Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order on young people's dangerous work.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative





SECTION 16: Other information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification	
Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400		Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H271 H272 H301 (oral) H302 (oral) H310 (dermal) H311 (dermal) H314 H318 H373 H400 H412	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser. May intensify fire; oxidiser. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Ox. Sol. 1, H271 Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT RE 2, H373	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 OXIDISING SOLIDS - Category 1 OXIDISING SOLIDS - Category 2 OXIDISING SOLIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
Full text of abbreviated R phrases	 R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R22- Harmful if swallowed. R34- Causes burns. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin. R32- Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas. 		
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	: O - Oxidising C - Corrosive Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant		
History			
Date of issue (dd/mm/yyyy)	: 15/02/2015		
Version	: 1		
Revised Section(s)	: Not applicable.		

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Chlorine Dioxide in tablets

SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

